The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust

Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

Charity Number: CHY 834 Charities Regulatory Authority Number: RCN 20001322

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The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust TRUSTEES' AND OTHER INFORMATION

Trustees Very Rev. Dermot Dunne, Dean of Christ Church

Cathedral
Tony O'Rourke
Caroline Carson
John Collins
Lynda Sisson
Brian Scollard
Damian McShane

Charity Number CHY 834

Charities Regulatory Authority Number RCN 20001322

Principal Address 9 Island Street

Dublin 8

Auditors ITAS Accounting Limited

Certified Public Accountants and Statutory Auditors

6 Marino Mart Fairview Dublin 3

Bankers Bank of Ireland

College Green Dublin 2

The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust TRUSTEES' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

The trustees present their Trustees' Report and the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2014, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their financial statements in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102). The charity has applied the Charities SORP on a voluntary basis as its application is not a requirement of the current regulations for charities registered in the Republic of Ireland; however it is considered best practice.

The Trustees' Report contains the information required to be provided in the Trustees' Annual Report under the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) guidelines. The trustees of the company are also charity trustees for the purpose of charity law and under the company's constitution are known as members of the board of trustees.

In this report the trustees of The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust present a summary of its purpose, governance, activities, achievements, and finances for the financial year 2020.

The company is a registered charity and hence the report and results are presented in a form which complies with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014 and, although not obliged to comply with the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015), the organisation has implemented its recommendations where relevant in these financial statements.

Mission, Objectives and Strategy

Mission Statement

The charity is governed by a Board of Management, which set the strategic focus of the organisation. The charity is run on a day to day basis by the CEO who is responsible for ensuring that the charity meets its long and short term aims and the day to day operations run smoothly.

Objectives

The charity's objectives and principal activities are to:

- Create opportunities for people experiencing homelessness, isolation, and marginalisation to live better lives.
- Help people empower themselves so they can work their way out of homelessness and deprivation.

The main area of the charity's activity are:

- Serving homemade nutritious meals free of charge, no questions asked.
- Provide the local community with activities and opportunities.
- To facilitate a path to independent living for homeless, vulnerable, poor and socially marginalised individuals
- To teach men and women a trade, to get the rehabilitate employment.
- Providing basic English language classes
- Providing the use of showers and laundry services

Structure, Governance and Management

Structure

The charity is a charitable corporation organised by way of a scheme of incorporation framed in accordance with the provisions of the Charities Act 1973.

Review of Activities, Achievements and Performance

The main achievements of the charity during the year were:

They remained open during several lockdowns, and increased opening hours to provide services for those most vulnerable 7 days a week.

They installed a shower and laundry facility for those sleeping rough. They served over 38,000 meals, facilitated over 400 loads of washing and offered more than 700 showers.

Financial Review

The results for the financial year are set out on page 11 and additional notes are provided showing income and expenditure in greater detail.

The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust TRUSTEES' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

Results and Dividends

At the end of the financial year the company has assets of €4,066,049 (2019 - €4,634,596) and liabilities of €48,807 (2019 - €160,382). The net assets of the company have decreased by €(456,972).

Reserves Position and Policy

The charity needs reserves to:

- Ensure the charity can continue to provide a stable service to those who need them.
- Meet contractual obligations as they fall due;
- Meet unexpected costs:
- Provide working capital when funding is paid in arrears;

The charity have a policy of transferring 80% of any retained surplus to a designated fund for future capital projects.

Based on this, the trustees are satisfied that it holds sufficient reserves to allow the charity to trade successfully.

Future Developments

The Trustees are not expecting to make any significant changes in the nature of the business in the near future.

Reference and Administrative details

The charity is a charitable corporation with a registered office at Island Street, Dublin 8. The charity operates under the name Mendicity Institution.

The charity has been granted charitable tax status under Sections 207 and 208 of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997, Charity No CHY 834, and is registered with the Charities Regulatory Authority, RCN 20001322, The charity has a total of 4 trustees.

The day to day management of the charity is directed by Louisa Santoro who is CEO of Mendicity Institution CLG.

Details of the external advisors of the Charity are as follows:

Bankers Bank of Ireland College Green Dublin 2

Investment manager Brewin Dolphin 3 Richview Office Park Clonskeagh Dublin 14

Auditors

ITAS Accounting Limited Certified Public Accountants and Statutory Auditors 6 Marino Mart Fairview Dublin 3

Compliance with Sector-Wide Legislation and Standards

The company engages pro-actively with legislation, standards and codes which are developed for the sector. The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust subscribes to and is compliant with the following:

- The Companies Act 2014
- The Charities SORP (FRS 102)

The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust TRUSTEES' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

Trustees

The names of persons who at any time during the financial year and since the year end unless otherwise stated were trustees of the charity are as follows:

Very Rev. Dermot Dunne, Dean of Christ Church Cathedral Tony O'Rourke Caroline Carson John Collins Lynda Sisson Brian Scollard Damian McShane

Investment Policy

The trustees have a general power of investment and so enjoy considerable freedom to invest in such investment assets as they see fit. In deciding on any investments the charity takes into account the social, environmental and ethical impacts of these investments and only invests in assets that have a positive impact on all three.

Approved by Board of Management on 6 October 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Caroline Carson

Trustee

John Collins

Trustee

The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

The trustees are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

The law applicable to charities in the Republic of Ireland requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the surplus or deficit of the company and otherwise comply with the Charities Act. 2009.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting and Reporting by Charities (2015);
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in operation.

The trustees confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2009 and the provisions of the company's constitution and rules. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by Board of Management on 6 October 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Caroline Carson

Trustee

John Collins

Trustee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Members of The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the company financial statements of The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet and the notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish law and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with FRS 102.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 December 2020 and of its deficit for the financial year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", as applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 and having regard to the Charities SORP; and

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other Information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

In our opinion, based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

 the information given in the Trustees' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited. In our opinion the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Members of The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust

Respective responsibilities

Responsibilities of trustees for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, if applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Further information regarding the scope of our responsibilities as auditor

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and
 whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
 presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Members of The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume any responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

ITAS ACCOUNTING LIMITED

Certified Public Accountants and Statutory Auditors 6 Marino Mart Fairview Dublin 3

6 October 2021

The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

		Unrestricted Funds 2020	Restricted Funds 2020	Total	Unrestricted Funds 2019	Restricted Funds 2019	Total 2019
	Notes		€	€	€	€	€
Income	Notes	•					
Donations and legacies Charitable activities	3.1	92,479	13,165	105,644	31,983	39,534	71,517
- Grants from governments and other co-funders	3.2	15,033	(= 2	15,033	8,559	-	8,559
Investments	3.3	(222,393)	Q <u>=</u> 43	(222,393)	629,197	3.4	629,197
Other income	3.4	1,380		1,380	6,400	-	6,400
Total income		(113,501)	13,165	(100,336)	676,139	39,534	715,673
Expenditure		A		S			
Charitable activities	4.1	348,111	8,525	356,636	515,253	12	515,253
Net income/(expenditure) Transfers between funds		(461,612)	4,640	(456,972)	160,886	39,534	200,420
Net movement in funds for the financial year		(461,612)	4,640	(456,972)	160,886	39,534	200,420
Reconciliation of funds Balances brought forward a 1 January 2020	t 15	4,411,930	62,284	4,474,214	4,251,044	22,750	4,273,794
Balances carried forward at 31 December 2020		3,950,318	66,924	4,017,242	4,411,930	62,284	4,474,214

The Statement of Financial Activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the financial year. All income and expenditure relate to continuing activities.

Approved by Board of Management on 6 October 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Caroline Carson Trustee

Trustee

The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 December 2020

	Natas	2020	2019
Fixed Assets	Notes	€	€
Tangible assets	9	1,014,097	1,018,795
Investments	10	2,903,774	3,488,160
		3,917,871	4,506,955
Current Assets			
Debtors	11	19,513	4,364
Cash at bank and in hand		128,665	123,277
		148,178	127,641
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	12	(48,807)	(160,382)
Net Current Assets/(Liabilities)		99,371	(32,741)
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		4,017,242	4,474,214
Funds			
Restricted trust funds		66,924	62,284
General fund (unrestricted)		3,950,318	4,411,930
Total funds	15	4,017,242	4,474,214

Approved by Board of Management on 6 October 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Caroline Carson

Trustee

John Collins

Trustee

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust is a charity incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. The registered office of the company is 9 Island Street, Dublin 8 which is also the principal place of business of the company The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the charity's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis under the historical cost convention. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) "Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015)", Irish statute comprising the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

The company has applied the Charities SORP on a voluntary basis as its application is not a requirement of the current regulations for charities registered in the Republic of Ireland.

As permitted by Companies Act 2014, the company has varied the standard formats in that act for the Statement of Financial Activities and the Balance Sheet. Departures from the standard formats, as outlined in the Companies Act 2014, are to comply with the requirements of the Charities SORP and are in compliance with section 4.7, 10.6 and 15.2 of that SORP.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2020 have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) "Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015)" and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

Fund accounting

The following are the categorises of funds maintained:

Restricted funds

Restricted funds represent income received which can only be used for particular purposes, as specified by the donors. Such purposes are within the overall objectives of the company.

Unrestricted funds

Unrestricted funds consist of General and Designated funds.

- General funds represent amounts which are expendable at the discretion of the board, in furtherance of the objectives of the company.
- Designated funds comprise unrestricted funds that the board has, at its discretion, set aside for particular purposes. These designations have an administrative purpose only, and do not legally restrict the board's discretion to apply the fund.

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

Income

Voluntary income or capital is included in the Statement of Financial Activities when the company is legally entitled to it, its financial value can be quantified with reasonable certainty and there is reasonable certainty of its ultimate receipt. Entitlement to legacies is considered established when the company has been notified of a distribution to be made by the executors. Income received in advance of due performance under a contract is accounted for as deferred income until earned. Grants for activities are recognised as income when the related conditions for legal entitlement have been met. All other income is accounted for on an accruals basis.

Donations and legacies

Voluntary income is received by way of donations and gifts and is included in full in the Statement of Financial Activities when receivable.

Legacy income is recognised at the earlier of the date on which either the charity is aware that probate has been granted, the estate has been finalised and notification has been made by the executor to the charity that a distribution will be made, or when a distribution is received from the estate. Receipt of a legacy is only considered probable when the amount can be measured reliably and the charity has been notified of the executor's intension to make a distribution. Where legacies have been notified to the charity, or the charity is aware of the granting of probate, and the criteria for income recognition has been met the legacy is treated as a contingent asset and disclosed if material.

Grants

Income from government and other grants whether 'capital' or 'revenue grants', is recognised when the charity has entitlements to the funds, any performance conditions attached to the grants have been met, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount can be measured reliably. Grants, where entitlement is not conditional on the delivery of a specific performance by the charity is recognised within income from donations and legacies. Grants where related to performance and specific deliverables, are accounted for as the charity earns the right to consideration by its performance and included within the income from charitable activities.

Donated services or facilities

Donated services and facilities ae included at the fair value to the charity where this can be quantified. Donations in kind are included at their estimated value to the foundation in both revenue and expenditure in the year of receipt. Donated facilities are included as both income and expenses at the value to the charity where this can be quantified, and a third party is bearing the cost. Where it is not practicable to measure the value of the resource with sufficient reliability the income is included in the financial period when the resource is sold. An asset is recognised only when those services are used for the production of an asset and the services received will be capitalised as part of the cost of an asset. Where it cannot quantified the value is recognised when sold. The value of services provided by volunteers has not been included in these accounts. Resources received from non-exchange transactions for which the entity has benefited include: Volunteer services

Income from trading activities

Income from trading activities

Incoming resources from charitable trading activities are accounted for when earned which is usually when the risk and rewards of ownership transfers; the sale can be reliably measured and it is probable there will be future inflows of economic activity.

Investments

Investment Income is included when receivable.

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

Expenditure

All resources expended are accounted for on an accruals basis. Charitable activities include costs of services and grants, support costs and depreciation on related assets. Costs of generating funds similarly include fundraising activities. Non-staff costs not attributed to one category of activity are allocated or apportioned pro-rata to the staffing of the relevant service. Finance, HR, IT and administrative staff costs are directly attributable to individual activities by objective. Governance costs are those associated with constitutional and statutory requirements.

Expenditure on raising funds

Cost of raising funds comprise the costs associated with attracting voluntary income, investment management costs, and the costs of trading for fund raising purposes. Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of it activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Governance Costs

Governance costs include those cost associated with meeting constitutional and statutory requirements of the charity and include the audit fees, cost of legal advice for trustees and costs linked to strategic management of the charity including the cost of trustee meetings.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Long leasehold property 2% Straight line Fixtures, fittings and equipment 15% Straight line Motor vehicles 20% Straight line **Ground Rent** 10% Straight line

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for any permanent diminution in value. Income from other financial fixed asset investments together with any related withholding tax is recognised in the profit and loss account in the year in which it is receivable.

Debtors are recognised at the settlement amount due after any discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due. Income recognised by the company from government agencies and other co-funders, but not yet received at year end, is included in debtors.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand comprises cash on deposit at banks requiring less than three months notice of withdrawal.

Taxation

No current or deferred taxation arises as the company has been granted charitable status under Sections 2017 and 208 of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997. Charity No CHY 20162429. The charity is eligible under the "Scheme of Tax relief for Donations to Eligible Charities and Approved Bodies under Section 848A Taxes Consolidation Act 1997" therefore income tax refunds arising from sponsorship exceeding €250 per annum are included in unrestricted funds. Irrecoverable valued added tax is expensed as incurred.

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3.1	DONATIONS AND LEGACIES	Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	2020	2019
		€	€	€	€
	Donations and legacies	92,479	_	92,479	31,983
	Grants		13,165	13,165	39,534
		92,479	13,165	105,644	71,517

continued

101 1110	illiandial year ended on Becember 2020					
3.2	CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES		Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	2020	2019
			€	€	€	€
	Income from charitable activities		15,033	-	15,033	8,559
3.3	INVESTMENTS		Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	2020	2019
			€	€	€	€
	Investments Unrealised gains/(losses) on Revalued	Investments	(222,393)	<u></u>	(222,393)	631,394 (2,197)
			(222,393)	-	(222,393)	629,197
3.4	OTHER INCOME		Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	2020	2019
			€	€	€	€
	Other income		1,380	-	1,380	6,400
	EXPENDITURE					
4. 4.1	CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES	Direct	Other Costs	Support Costs	2020	2019
		€	€	€	€	€
	Admin	20,541		36,911	57,452	82,311
	Office	4,345	_	2,898	7,243	2,877
	Utility	7,509	-	1,326	8,835	14,275
		6,169		11,208	17,377	10,205
	Building Maintenance	0,109	13 = 3	415		
	Food Centre	420	3(7)	415	415	22,770
	Advoc/Employee	420	-	-	420	22,504
	Fund Raising	40.000	8.50	0.004	45.054	160
	Miscellaneous	13,290	- C≅*	2,061	15,351	3,758
	Prison Project	(4,462)	3.=		(4,462)	4-04-
	Workshop	21,589		5,397	26,986	15,617
	Evening Service	-	() + (S . 0	933
	Tuesday Club		-	-		17
	Wages	92,395		134,624	227,019	339,826
		161,796		194,840	356,636	515,253
4.2	SUPPORT COSTS			Charitable Activities	2020	2019
				Activities	€	€
	Support			194,840	194,840	210,453
5.	ANALYSIS OF SUPPORT COSTS				2020	2040
					2020 €	2019 €
	Support				194,840	210,453
	CONFESSOR					

continued

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6.	NET INCOME				2020 €	2019 €
	Net Income is stated after charged Depreciation of tangible assets Deficit/(surplus) on foreign currence.				4,698 327	14,218
	Auditor's remuneration: - audit services				5,569	4,174
7.	INVESTMENT AND OTHER INCO	DME			2020 €	2019 €
	Rent receivable - other income Fees received as investment and o	other income			1,380 (222,393)	6,400 629,197
					(221,013)	635,597
8.	EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERAT	ION				
	The staff costs comprise:				2020 €	2019 €
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension costs				204,397 22,622 19,552	305,780 33,546 12,234
					246,571	351,560
9.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Long leasehold property €	Fixtures, fittings and equipment €	Motor (vehicles	Ground Rent	Total
	Cost	•	•			
	At 31 December 2020	1,000,000	97,629	23,493	444	1,121,566
	Depreciation At 1 January 2020 Charge for the financial year	-	97,629	4,698 4,698	444	102,771 4,698
	At 31 December 2020		97,629	9,396	444	107,469
	Net book value					
	At 31 December 2020	1,000,000	-	14,097		1,014,097
	At 31 December 2019	1,000,000		18,795		1,018,795

continued

		Long leasehold property	YEAR Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Ground Rent	Total
		€	€	€	€	€
	Cost At 1 January 2019 Additions	1,000,000	97,629	23,493	444 -	1,098,073 23,493
	Additions	() 			1	
	At 31 December 2019	1,000,000	97,629	23,493	444	1,121,566
	Depreciation					
	At 1 January 2019	· -	88,109		444	88,553
	Charge for the financial year		9,520	4,698		14,218
	At 31 December 2019	-	97,629	4,698	444	102,771
	Net book value At 31 December 2019	1,000,000		18,795		1,018,795
					-	
	At 31 December 2018	1,000,000	9,520	-	-	1,009,520
10.	INVESTMENTS					
					Other investments	Total
	Investments				€	€
	Cost At 1 January 2020				3,488,160	3,488,160
	Additions				55,667	55,667
	Disposals				(329,187)	(329, 187)
	Revaluations				(310,866)	(310,866)
	At 31 December 2020				2,903,774	2,903,774
	Net book value					
	At 31 December 2020				2,903,774	2,903,774
	At 31 December 2019				3,488,160	3,488,160
10.1	FINANCIAL FIXED ASSETS PR Commercial investments	IOR FINANCIAL	YEAR			
					Other investments	Total
	Investments Cost				€	€
	At 1 January 2019				3,101,536	3,101,536
	Revaluations				386,624	386,624
	At 31 December 2019				3,488,160	3,488,160
	Net book value					
	At 31 December 2019				3,488,160	3,488,160
	At 31 December 2018				3,101,536	3,101,536

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

The charity suffered a significant loss on investments in the current year. The majority of this loss occured in the first quarter of the year. Since then some investments were sold and the remaining investments have made some recovery.

11.	DEBTORS		2020 €	2019 €
	Taxation and social security costs (Note 13) Prepayments and accrued income		6,186 13,327	4,364
			19,513	4,364
12.	CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year		2020 €	2019 €
	Amounts owed to connected parties (Note 16) Taxation and social security costs (Note 13) Accruals		17,027 22,554 9,226	135,000 21,632 3,750
			48,807	160,382
13.	TAXATION AND SOCIAL SECURITY		2020 €	2019 €
	Debtors: VAT		6,186	4,364
	Creditors: PAYE / PRSI		22,554	21,632
14.	RESERVES			
			2020 €	2019 €
	At 1 January 2020 (Deficit)/Surplus for the financial year		4,474,214 (456,972)	4,273,794 200,420
	At 31 December 2020		4,017,242	4,474,214
15. 15.1	FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN FUNDS	Unrestricted Funds €	Restricted Funds €	Total Funds €
	At 1 January 2019 Movement during the financial year	4,251,044 160,886	22,750 39,534	4,273,794 200,420
	At 31 December 2019 Movement during the financial year	4,411,930 (461,612)	62,284 4,640	4,474,214 (456,972)
	At 31 December 2020	3,950,318	66,924	4,017,242

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

15.2 ANALYSIS OF MO	VEMENTS ON FUNDS
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	ANALYSIS OF MOVEMENTS ON FUNDS							
		Balance 1 January 2020	Income	Expenditure	Transfers between funds	Balance 31 December 2020		
		€	€	€	€	€		
	Restricted funds							
	Restricted	62,284	13,165	8,525	(8)	66,924		
	Unrestricted funds			27 (2004)		de lecter destado		
	Unrestricted General	4,411,930	(101,935)	459,162	3	3,850,833		
	General Funds	(<u>-</u>	(11,566)	(111,051)		99,485		
		4,411,930	(113,501)	(348,111)	(#1	3,950,318		
	Total funds	4,474,214	(100,336)	356,636		4,017,242		
e e	ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS I	BY FUND						
		Fixed	Financial	Current	Current	Total		
		assets	fixed	assets	liabilities			
		 charity use 	assets					
		€	€	€	€	€		
	Unrestricted general funds	1,014,097	2,903,774	148,178	(48,807)	4,017,242		
		1,014,097	2,903,774	148,178	(48,807)	4,017,242		
				-				

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

15.3

The company had transactions with other connected parties. The following amounts are receivable at the financial year end:

	Balance 2020	Movement in financial year	Balance 2019	Maximum in financial year
	€	€	€	€
	,			
	The following amounts are due to other connected parties:			
			2020	2019
			€	€
	Mendicity CLG		17,027	135,000
				220000
17.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		2020	2019
			€	€
	Cash and bank balances		112,150	96,150
	Cash equivalents		16,515	27,127
			128,665	123,277

18. POST-BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There have been no significant events affecting the Charity since the financial year-end.

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

19. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by Board of Management on 6 October 2021

THE MENDICITY INSTITUTION AND THE MENDICITY INSTITUTION TRUST

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

NOT COVERED BY THE REPORT OF THE AUDITORS

The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OPERATING STATEMENT

	Schedule	2020 €	2019 €
Income		120,677	80,076
Charitable activities and other expenses	1	(356,636)	(515,253)
		(235,959)	(435,177)
Miscellaneous income	2	(221,013)	635,597
Net (deficit)/surplus		(456,972)	200,420

The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SCHEDULE 1: CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES AND OTHER EXPENSES

	2020	2019
	€	€
Expenses		
Wages and salaries	204,397	305,780
Social security costs	22,622	33,546
Staff defined contribution pension costs	19,552	12,234
Staff training	420	395
Management expenses	1,519	3,993
Insurance	5,788	11,776
Light and heat	8,835	10,782
Repairs and maintenance	14,010	13,698
Printing, postage and stationery	3,574	
Advertising	609	2,317
Telephone	5,049	5,189
Computer costs	3,017	4,196
Security and Office Costs	983	9,151
Govern Expenses	154	136
Provisions	415	499
Projects	22,524	61,447
Travelling and entertainment	3,322	2,958
Legal and professional	605	14,477
Consultancy fees	12,278	(*)
Accountancy	410	820
Auditor's remuneration	5,569	4,174
Bank charges	1,287	369
Surplus/deficit on exchange	327	-
Staff welfare	652	
General expenses	10,653	3,918
Covid Expenses	3,367	S = 0
Depreciation	4,698	14,218
	356,636	515,253
		

The Mendicity Institution and The Mendicity Institution Trust SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SCHEDULE 2: MISCELLANEOUS INCOME for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

2020	2019
€	€
1,380	6,400
(222,393)	629,197
(221,013)	635,597
	€ 1,380 (222,393)